

Estimados colegas:

Me es muy grato presentaros mi último trabajo "Paleopathological discoveries in an unusual necropolis of mendicants". Se trata de una revisión a fondo, con casos no incluidos en la versión en castellano y nuevos análisis efectuados, del estudio paleopatológico de la necrópolis de mendigos de El Burgo de Osma.

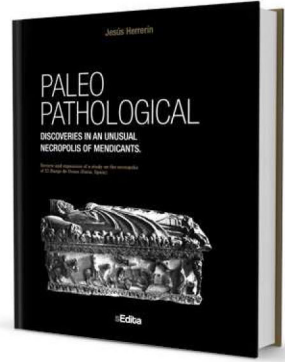
La edición del libro, publicada en inglés, ha sido muy cuidada, con 220 fotografías a todo color y de una alta calidad.

Si estáis interesados en adquirir este libro, podéis pedirlo directamente a la editorial (info@soriaedita.com) o ponerlos en contacto con el autor (jesus.herrerin@uam.es). También encontraréis más información sobre el libro en la página web www.soriaedita.com.

Recibid un cordial saludo.

Jesús Herrerín López

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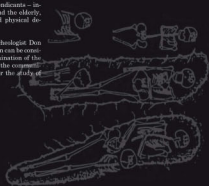


Review and expansion of a study on the necropolis of El Burgo de Osma (Soria, Spain).

The author attempts to paint a portrait of a small community buried in the cluster of El Burgo de Osma Cathedral Square during the 17th and 18th centuries. To do so, he uses the historical references of the period, the characteristics of the religious edifice, archaeological data, anthropometric analyses of the selected individuals and, over all, the paleopathological study of the bones remains.

All the analyses that were consulted point to the possibility that the individuals buried in the cluster of the Cathedral were mendicants – including women, men, children and the elderly, all with significant disease and physical defects.

The words of the reformed anthropologist Don Brothwell: "No social researcher can fail to be concerned, especially without the recognition of the physical structure and health of the component" take on a specific resonance for the study of this in an unusual necropolis.




Jesús Herrerín

PALEOPATHOLOGICAL DISCOVERIES IN AN UNUSUAL NECROPOLIS OF MENDICANTS.


PALEO PATHOLOGICAL

DISCOVERIES IN AN UNUSUAL
NECROPOLIS OF MENDICANTS.

Review and expansion of a study on the necropolis of El Burgo de Osma (Soria, Spain).



Jesús Herrerín



Jesús Herrerín was born in Madrid in 1963. Mr. Herrerín holds a Master's Degree in Biology awarded by the Complutense University of Madrid in 1986 and a PhD in Physical Anthropology awarded by the same University in 2001.


Mr. Herrerín has given lectures on anthropology and paleopathology in several universities and institutions both in Spain and abroad and presentations in Spanish and international Scientific Conferences. He is the author of several books on Anthropology and Paleopathology in both Spanish and English and co-author of *The Handbook Atlas of Paleopathology*.

Mr. Herrerín is currently professor of Physical Anthropology in the Autonomous University of Madrid and member of several Spanish and international teams of investigation, including the following: the Mendicant Project (study of the bones and mummified remains found in tomb TT18 in Luxor, Egypt); the Casas excavations project in the Roman Villa of Casa in Segovia, and the excavation project of the area where the medieval battle of Almona took place in Ciudad Real. Mr. Herrerín is also a member of the Memphis University team of investigation that is currently studying tomb TT18 in Luxor, Egypt.

Jesús Herrerín has directed the work on several Field Projects and Master's Theses in the Autonomous University of Madrid and is a member of the Spanish Paleopathology Society and the Spanish Biological Anthropology Society.

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